

Resilience

The concept of resilience



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Resilience - Dimensions

Resilience



Physical

Social

Physiological

Organizational

Psychological

Economic

Ecological

Resilience - Concepts

“The **ability of people, households, communities, countries, and systems** to mitigate, adapt to and recover from shocks and stresses in a manner that **reduces chronic vulnerability and facilitates inclusive growth.**” (USAID)

Resilience of social-ecological systems (SES):

The capacity of a SES to **sustain human well-being** in the face of disturbance and change, both by buffering shocks and by adapting or transforming in response to change. (Biggs et al.)

Resilience - Concepts

The “capacity that ensures adverse stressors and shocks do **not have long-lasting adverse development consequences**” (Costas et al., 2014a, p. 6).

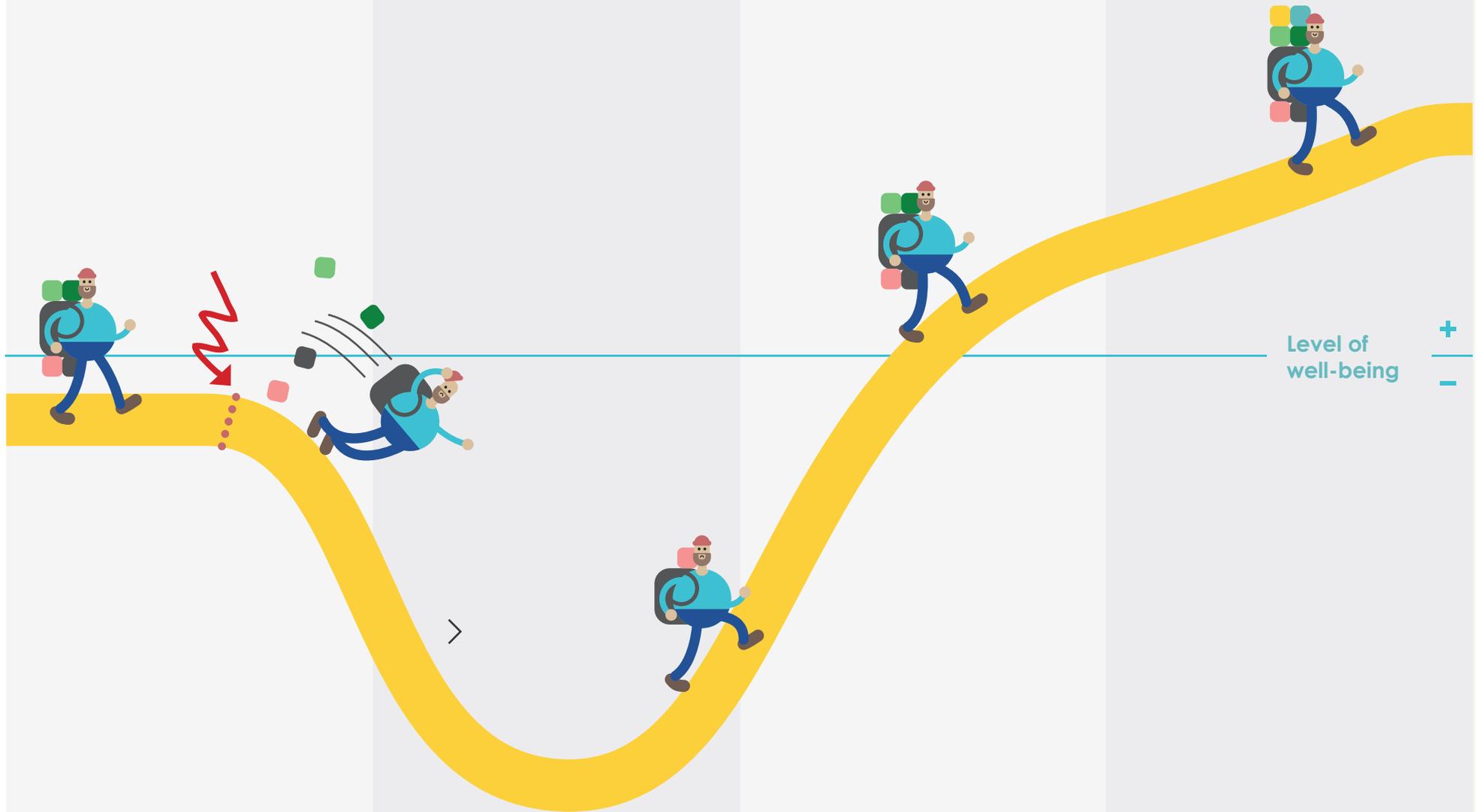
Resilience can be viewed as “a capacity that **prevents** individuals, households and communities **from falling below a normatively defined level for a given developmental outcome** (e.g., food security, poverty level, well-being)” following a shock or stress (Ibid., p. 7).

Resilience - Concepts

“The capacity of a **system** – be it a forest, city or economy – to **deal with change and continue to develop; withstanding shocks and disturbances** (such as climate change or financial crises) and using such events to **catalyze renewal and innovation.**”
(Stockholm Resilience Centre).

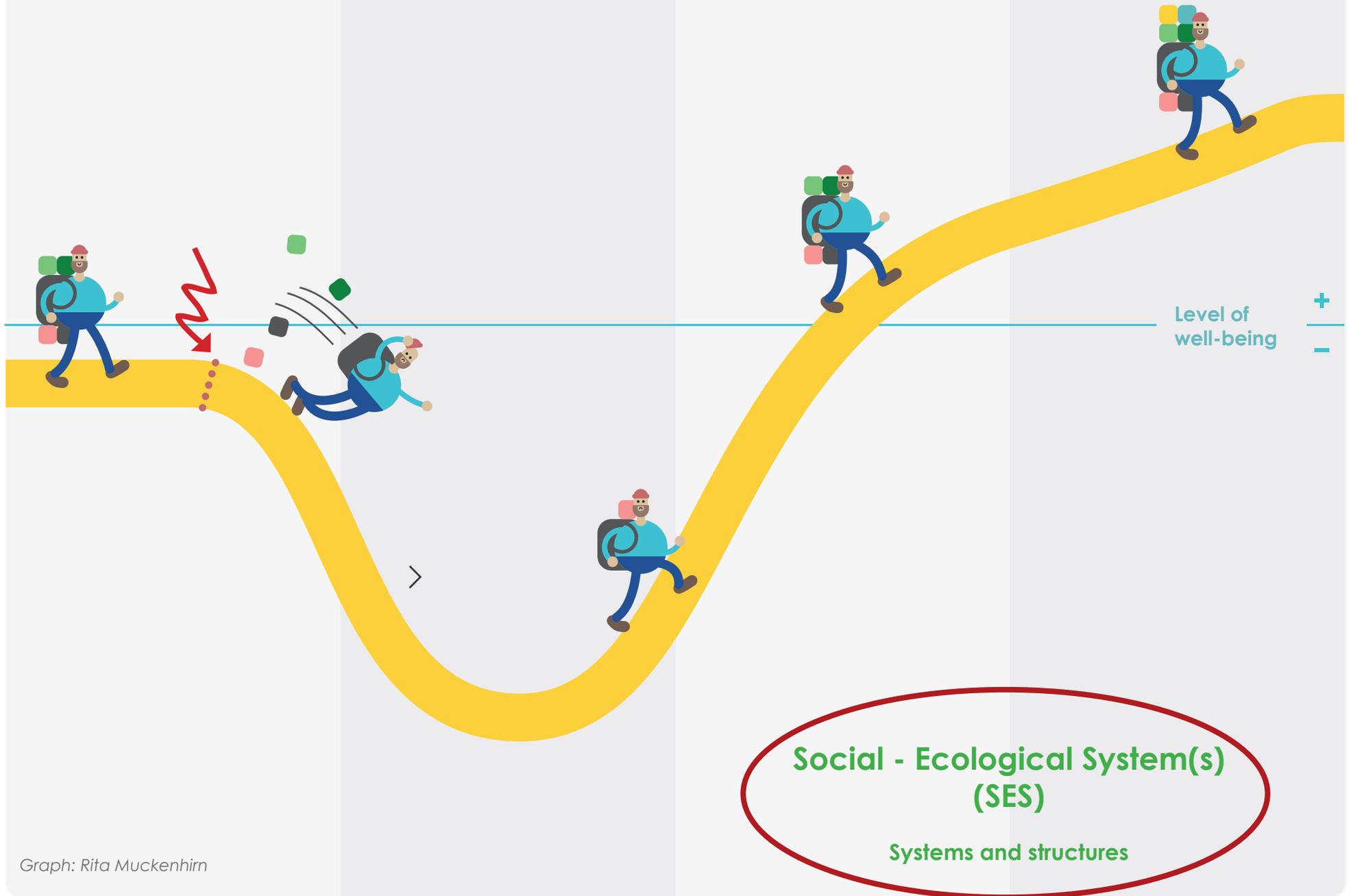


Resilience



Graph: Rita Muckenhirn

Resilience



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Types of systems

Mechanical systems:

Devices such as a van or an iron.

Biological systems:

Living organisms such as the dog and cat we have at home, eco-systems or like each ourselves or, more specifically, our bodies.

Social systems:

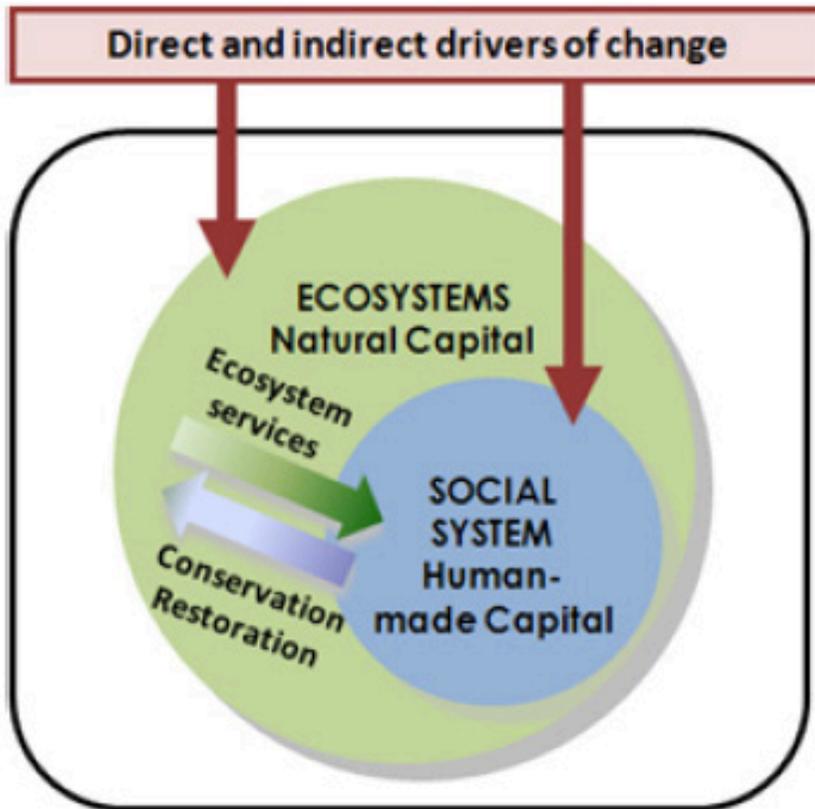
Organizations like our families, communities, organizations or institutions, our government or our country (which is not the same thing).

Systems of ideas, beliefs or behaviour:

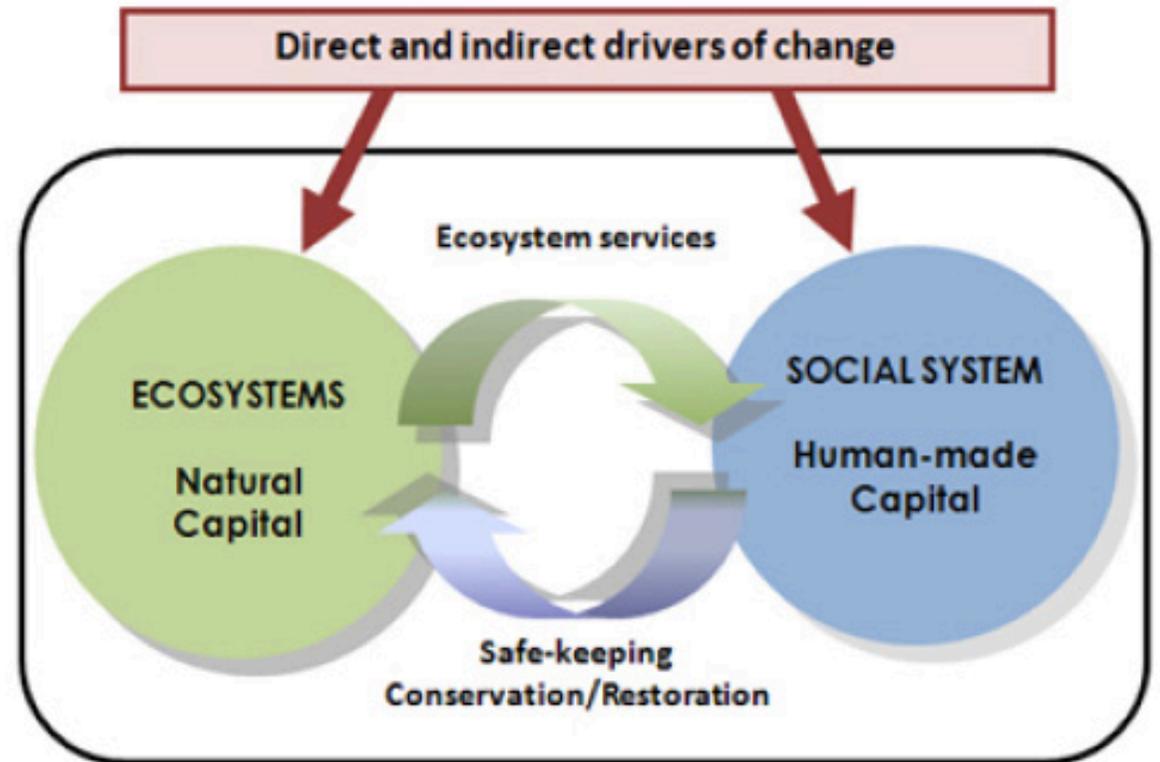
Ideologies, religions, cultures.

Social-ecological systems (SES)

People-in-nature



People-with-nature



Social-ecological systems are **linked systems** of **people** and **nature**, emphasising that **humans** must be seen as **a part of, not apart from nature**.

Berkes and Folke, 1998

Social-ecological systems.. Definitions

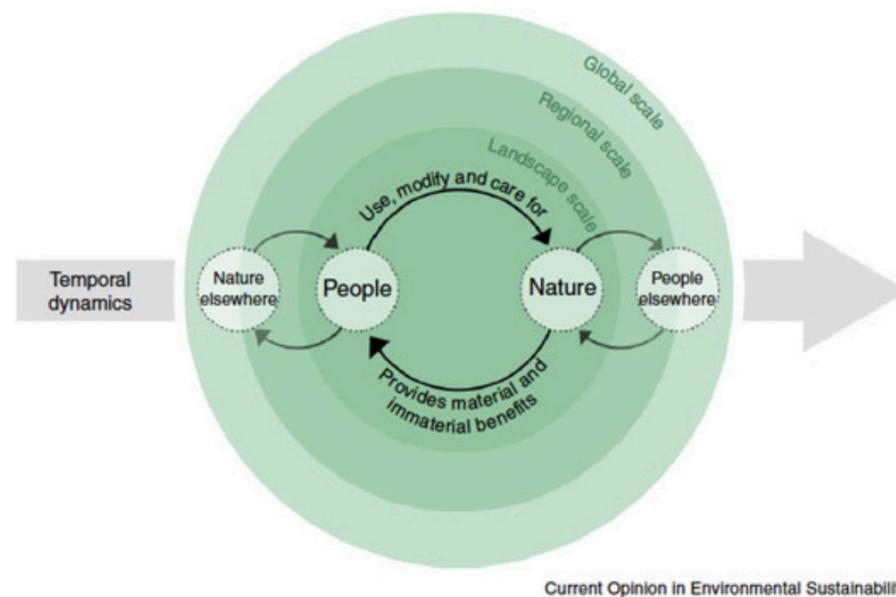
- A **coherent system** of biophysical and social factors that **regularly** interact in a **resilient, sustained** manner.
- A system that is defined at several spatial, temporal, and organisational **scales**, which may be hierarchically linked.
- A set of **critical resources** (natural, socioeconomic, and cultural) whose flow and use is regulated by a combination of ecological and social systems;
- A perpetually **dynamic, complex** system with **continuous adaptation**.

Source: Redman, C., Grove, M. J. and Kuby, L. (2004). Integrating Social Science into the Long Term Ecological Research (LTER) Network: Social Dimensions of Ecological Change and Ecological Dimensions of Social Change. *Ecosystems* Vol.7(2), pp. 161-171. In *Marta Pérez-Soba, Marta (Wageningen Environmental Research); Dwyer, Janet (CCRI). 2016*

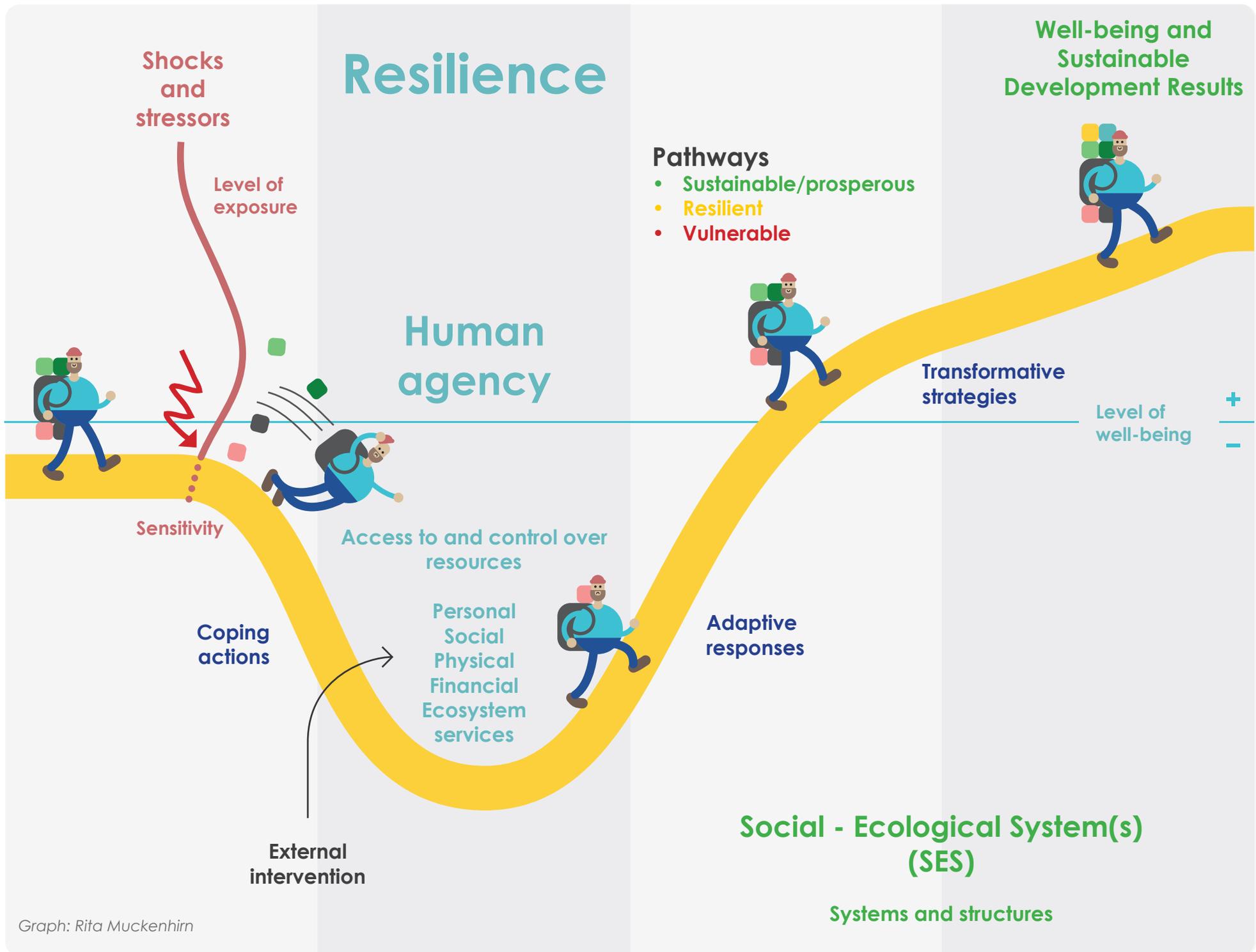
Social-ecological systems.. Definitions

Integrated systems of humans and nature that constitute **complex adaptive systems (CAS)** with ecological and social components that **interact dynamically** through various **feedbacks**.

Biggs et al. Principles for Building Resilience. 2015, p. 23



Source of the Graph: <https://www.stockholmresilience.org/research/research-news/2015-08-11-a-social-ecological-lens-for-the-future.html>



Graph: Rita Muckenhirn

Sources

In addition to the already cited sources, the presentation is based on insights from the following authors:

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